



SITUATION

- Tropical Cyclone **ETAU** formed in the **Philippine Sea**, north-west of the northernmost Mariana Island (U.S.A.) and south-west of **Iwo To** island in Japan, on 6 September. It subsequently started moving towards Japan's main island, Honshu.
- On 8 September, at 6.00 UTC, ETAU was a **Tropical Storm** with maximum sustained wind speed of 83km/h. Its centre was located 588km south of Mie prefecture in southern Honshu.
- Over the next 24h, the Tropical Storm is forecast to move north-west, roughly maintaining its intensity. It is expected to approach the southern coast of **Mie** (population approx. 1.8 million) late on 8 September and make landfall near the town of **Kihoku** early on 9 September. It will then cross Honshu and exit into the **Sea of Japan**, where it is expected to weaken into a Tropical Depression and eventually dissipate.
- ETAU will affect the areas along its path with **heavy rainfall, strong winds and storm surge**. As of 8 September, **Warnings** for heavy rainfall and/or consequent floods are in effect for several prefectures, including the island of Miyake in Izu Islands, by the Japanese Meteorological Administration. **Storm surge** of the order of 0.9m may affect the coasts of Mie and Aichi around Ise Bay in the early morning of 9 September, according to JRC calculations.
- Heavy rainfall has already been affecting southern Honshu. As of 8 September, local media report **floods and landslides** in the city of **Hamamatsu**, prefecture of Shizuoka. In view of the approach of ETAU, part of the city's population has been instructed to **evacuate** their homes.

Sources: GDACS (1, 2), JMA (1, 2), JTWC, WMO, GeoHive, Local Media (1, 2, 3)

24h rainfall observations (WMO)

location	mm	date (September)
Hachijyo (Izu)	70	7
Izu Oshima	86	7-8
Tsu (Mie)	65	7-8
Tokyo	65	7-8

